Art Unit: 2621

LISTING OF THE CLAIMS

The following is a copy of Applicants' claims as currently pending:

1. (Previously presented) A media content recording system in a subscriber network

television system, comprising:

a memory for storing logic;

a storage device comprising a buffer space for continuously buffering media

content instances, the buffer space comprising at any one instance of

time plural media content instances corresponding to different video

programs; and

a processor configured with the logic to represent each of the media content

instances in the buffer space as a respective management file stored in

the memory, the management file comprising a data structure that

includes information identifying a corresponding media content instance

of the media content instances, the information including media guide

scheduled start and end times.

2. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein the processor is further configured with the

logic to represent the media content instance in the buffer space with the corresponding

management file in the memory, wherein the logic is further configured to track the

duration of the buffered media content instance.

3. (Original) The system of claim 2, wherein the duration of the media content instance

corresponds to hard disk space.

Art Unit: 2621

4. (Original) The system of claim 2, wherein the duration of the media content instance

corresponds to a real-time playback duration.

5. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein the processor is further configured with the

logic to receive media content information from a remote server, wherein the media

content information comprises a scheduled media content instance start time and a

scheduled media content instance end time.

6. (Original) The system of claim 5, wherein the processor is further configured with the

logic to track when the buffering of the media content instance starts.

7. (Original) The system of claim 5, wherein the processor is further configured with the

logic to determine the media content instance duration by subtracting the media content

instance buffering start time from the scheduled media content instance end time.

8. (Previously presented) The system of claim 1, wherein the processor is further

configured with the logic to configure the data structure to include media content

instance guide data, a buffering start time, an active playback location within the media

content instance in the buffer space, a status flag, and a media content instance file

name.

Art Unit: 2621

9. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein the processor is further configured with the

logic to organize a plurality of management files as a linked list of the management files

comprising the locations of data for said files and locations to a previously created

management file and to a subsequently created management file.

10. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein the processor is further configured with the

logic to organize a plurality of management files as a linked list of pointers to the

management files.

11. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein the processor is further configured with the

logic to use and store the scheduled stop time of a media content instance from media

content instance guide data to determine when to close the management file for said

ended media content instance and open a new management file for the next media

content instance to be downloaded to the buffer space.

12. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein the processor is further configured with the

logic to use the receipt time of a media content instance into the buffer space by using

the start time as indicated by an internal clock.

13. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein the processor is further configured with the

logic to configure each of the media content instances as media content instance files,

wherein the processor is further configured with the logic to identify each of the media

content instance files by file names.

Art Unit: 2621

14. (Original) The system of claim 13, wherein the processor is further configured with

the logic to randomly generate the file names of each of the media content instance

files.

15. (Original) The system of claim 13, wherein the processor is further configured with

the logic to generate the media content instance file names using the media content

instance guide data.

16. (Original) The system of claim 15, wherein each of the media content instance file

names include channel number, media content instance title, and the source of the

media content instance.

17. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein the processor is further configured with the

logic to buffer analog broadcast media content instances, received at a communications

interface, as digitally compressed media content instances.

18. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein the processor is further configured with the

logic to buffer an analog signal received at a connector from a consumer electronics

device, as a digitally compressed media content instance.

19. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein the processor is further configured with the

logic to buffer digital broadcast media content instances, received at a communications

interface, as digitally compressed media content instances.

Art Unit: 2621

20. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein the processor is further configured with the

logic to buffer digital media-on-demand media content instances, received at a

communications interface from a remote server, as digitally compressed media content

instances.

21. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein the processor is further configured with the

logic to buffer digital media content instances, received at a digital communications port

from a local network, as digitally compressed media content instances.

22. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein the processor is further configured with the

logic to buffer digital media content instances, received at a digital communications port

from a local device, as digitally compressed media content instances.

23. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein the processor is further configured with the

logic to maintain a status flag in the management file wherein the status flag is

configured as temporary for a buffered media content instance that is not designated for

permanent recording.

Art Unit: 2621

24. (Original) The system of claim 23, wherein the processor is further configured with

the logic to configure the status flag of the management file for a buffered media

content instance as permanent when the user requests that said media content instance

be permanently recorded, wherein the processor is further configured with the logic to

cause the permanently recorded media content instance to have a permanent

designation in a file allocation table in response to having status flag of the

corresponding management file configured as permanent, such that the buffer space

storing the permanently recorded media content instance becomes designated as non-

buffer space.

25. (Original) A media content recording system in a subscriber network television

system, comprising:

a memory for storing logic;

a storage device comprising a buffer space for continuously buffering media

content instances; and

a processor configured with the logic to buffer media content instances into the

buffer space, wherein the processor is further configured with the logic to

represent the media content instances in the buffer space as a linked list

of management files in the memory, wherein the logic is further

configured to track the duration of the buffered media content instance,

wherein the duration of the media content instance corresponds to hard

disk space, wherein the management files comprise the locations of data

for said files and locations to a previously created management file and to

a subsequently created management file, wherein the processor is

further configured with the logic to configure each of the management

Art Unit: 2621

files as a data structure that includes media content instance guide data. a buffering start time, an active playback location within the media content instance in the buffer space, a status flag, and a media content instance file name, wherein the processor is further configured with the logic to use and store the scheduled stop time of each of the media content instances from the media content instance guide data to determine when to close the management file for an ended media content instance and open a new management file for a next media content instance to be downloaded to the buffer space, wherein the processor is further configured with the logic to receive media content information from a remote server, wherein the media content information comprises a scheduled media content instance start time and a scheduled media content instance end time, wherein the processor is further configured with the logic to track when the buffering of the media content instance starts, wherein the processor is further configured with the logic to determine the media content instance duration by subtracting the media content instance buffering start time from the scheduled media content instance end time, wherein the processor is further configured with the logic to organize a plurality of management files as a linked list of the management files comprising the locations of data for said files and locations to a previously created management file and to a subsequently created management file, wherein the processor is further configured with the logic to use the receipt time of a media content instance into the buffer space by using the start time as indicated by an internal clock, wherein the processor is further configured with the logic to configure the

Art Unit: 2621

media content instances as media content instance files, wherein the processor is further configured with the logic to identify the media content instance files by file names, wherein the processor is further configured with the logic to generate the media content instance file names using the media content instance guide data, wherein each of the media content instance file names include channel number, media content instance title. and the source of the media content instance, wherein the processor is further configured with the logic to access the media content instances by the media content instance file names, wherein the processor is further configured with the logic to buffer analog broadcast media content instances, received at a communications interface, as digitally compressed media content instances, wherein the processor is further configured with the logic to buffer an analog signal received at a connector from a consumer electronics device, as a digitally compressed media content instance, wherein the processor is further configured with the logic to buffer digital broadcast media content instances, received at a communications interface, as digitally compressed media content instances, wherein the processor is further configured with the logic to buffer digital media-on-demand media content instances, received at a communications interface from a remote server, as digitally compressed media content instances, wherein the processor is further configured with the logic to buffer digital media content instances, received at a digital communications port from a local network, as digitally compressed media content instances, wherein the processor is further configured with the logic to buffer digital media content instances, received at a digital

Art Unit: 2621

communications port from a local device, as digitally compressed media

content instances, wherein the processor is further configured with the

logic to maintain the status flag in the management file wherein the status

flag is configured as temporary for a buffered media content instance that

is not designated for permanent recording, wherein the processor is

further configured with the logic to configure the status flag of the

management file for a buffered media content instance as permanent

when the user requests that said media content instance be permanently

recorded, wherein the processor is further configured with the logic to

cause the permanently recorded media content instance to have a

permanent designation in a file allocation table in response to having the

status flag of the corresponding management file configured as

permanent, such that the buffer space storing the permanently recorded

media content instance becomes designated as non-buffer space.

26. (Previously presented) A media content recording method in a subscriber network

television system, comprising the steps of:

buffering media content instances into a buffer space, the buffer space

comprising at any one instance of time plural media content instances

corresponding to different video programs; and

representing each of the buffered media content instances as a management file

in a memory separate from the buffer space.

27. (Previously presented) The method of claim 26, further comprising the step of

tracking the duration of each of the buffered media content instances.

Art Unit: 2621

28. (Original) The method of claim 27, wherein the duration of each of the media content

instances corresponds to hard disk space.

29. (Original) The method of claim 27, wherein the duration of each of the media content

instances corresponds to a real-time playback duration.

30. (Original) The method of claim 27, further comprising the step of receiving media

content information from a remote server, wherein the media content information

comprises a scheduled media content instance start time and a scheduled media

content instance end time.

31. (Original) The method of claim 27, further comprising the step of tracking when the

buffering of the media content instance starts.

32. (Original) The method of claim 27, further comprising the step of determining the

media content instance duration by subtracting the media content instance buffering

start time from the scheduled media content instance end time.

33. (Original) The method of claim 26, further comprising the step of configuring the

management file as a data structure that includes media content instance guide data, a

buffering start time, an active playback location within the media content instance in the

buffer space, a status flag, and a media content instance file name.

Art Unit: 2621

34. (Original) The method of claim 26, further comprising the step of organizing a

plurality of management files as a linked list of the management files comprising the

locations of data for said files and locations to a previously created management file and

to a subsequently created management file.

35. (Original) The method of claim 26, further comprising the step of organizing a

plurality of management files as a linked list of pointers to the management files.

36. (Original) The method of claim 26, further comprising the step of using and storing

the scheduled stop time of a media content instance from media content instance guide

data to determine when to close the management file for said ended media content

instance and open a new management file for the next media content instance to be

downloaded to the buffer space.

37. (Original) The method of claim 26, further comprising the step of using the receipt

time of a media content instance into the buffer space by using the start time as

indicated by an internal clock.

38. (Original) The method of claim 26, further comprising the steps of configuring each

of the media content instances as media content instance files, and identifying each of

the media content instance files by file names.

39. (Original) The method of claim 38, further comprising the step of randomly

generating the file names of each of the media content instance files.

Art Unit: 2621

40. (Original) The method of claim 38, further comprising the step of generating the

media content instance file names using the media content instance guide data.

41. (Original) The method of claim 40, wherein the media content instance file name

includes channel number, media content instance title, and the source of the media

content instance.

42. (Original) The method of claim 26, further comprising the step of buffering analog

broadcast media content instances, received at a communications interface, as digitally

compressed media content instances.

43. (Original) The method of claim 26, further comprising the step of buffering an analog

signal received at a connector from a consumer electronics device, as a digitally

compressed media content instance.

44. (Original) The method of claim 26, further comprising the step of buffering digital

broadcast media content instances, received at a communications interface, as digitally

compressed media content instances.

45. (Original) The method of claim 26, further comprising the step of buffering digital

media-on-demand media content instances, received at a communications interface

from a remote server, as digitally compressed media content instances.

Art Unit: 2621

46. (Original) The method of claim 26, further comprising the step of buffering digital

media content instances, received at a digital communications port from a local network,

as digitally compressed media content instances.

47. (Original) The method of claim 26, further comprising the step of buffering digital

media content instances, received at a digital communications port from a local device,

as digitally compressed media content instances.

48. (Original) The method of claim 26, further comprising the step of maintaining a

status flag in the management file wherein the status flag is configured as temporary for

a buffered media content instance that is not designated for permanent recording.

49. (Original) The method of claim 48, further comprising the steps of configuring the

status flag of the management file for a buffered media content instance as permanent

when the user requests that said media content instance be permanently recorded, and

causing the permanently recorded media content instance to have a permanent

designation in a file allocation table in response to having status flag of the

corresponding management file configured as permanent, such that the buffer space

storing the permanently recorded media content instance becomes designated as non-

buffer space.

Art Unit: 2621

50. (Original) A media content recording method in a subscriber network television

system, comprising the steps of:

buffering media content instances into a buffer space;

representing the media content instances in the buffer space as a linked list of

management files in the memory;

tracking the duration of the buffered media content instance, wherein the

duration of the media content instance corresponds to hard disk space,

wherein the management files comprise the locations of data for said files

and locations to a previously created management file and to a

subsequently created management file;

configuring each of the management files as a data structure that includes media

content instance guide data, a buffering start time, an active playback

location within the media content instance in the buffer space, a status

flag, and a media content instance file name;

using and store the scheduled stop time of each of the media content instances

from the media content instance guide data to determine when to close

the management file for an ended media content instance and open a

new management file for a next media content instance to be

downloaded to the buffer space;

receiving media content information from a remote server, wherein the media

content information comprises a scheduled media content instance start

time and a scheduled media content instance end time;

tracking when the buffering of the media content instance starts;

determining the media content instance duration by subtracting the media

Art Unit: 2621

content instance buffering start time from the scheduled media content instance end time;

- organizing a plurality of management files as a linked list of the management files comprising the locations of data for said files and locations to a previously created management file and to a subsequently created management file;
- using the receipt time of a media content instance into the buffer space by using the start time as indicated by an internal clock;

configuring the media content instances as media content instance files;

identifying the media content instance files by file names;

- generating the media content instance file names using the media content instance guide data, wherein each of the media content instance file names include channel number, media content instance title, and the source of the media content instance;
- accessing the media content instances by the media content instance file names;
- buffering analog broadcast media content instances, received at a communications interface, as digitally compressed media content instances;
- buffering an analog signal received at a connector from a consumer electronics device, as a digitally compressed media content instance;
- buffering digital broadcast media content instances, received at a communications interface, as digitally compressed media content instances;

buffering digital media-on-demand media content instances, received at a

Art Unit: 2621

communications interface from a remote server, as digitally compressed media content instances;

- buffering digital media content instances, received at a digital communications port from a local network, as digitally compressed media content instances;
- buffering digital media content instances, received at a digital communications port from a local device, as digitally compressed media content instances;
- maintaining the status flag in the management file wherein the status flag is configured as temporary for a buffered media content instance that is not designated for permanent recording;
- configuring the status flag of the management file for a buffered media content instance as permanent when the user requests that said media content instance be permanently recorded; and
- causing the permanently recorded media content instance to have a permanent designation in a file allocation table in response to having the status flag of the corresponding management file configured as permanent, such that the buffer space storing the permanently recorded media content instance becomes designated as non-buffer space.